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Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Bill

[AS INTRODUCED]

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Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Bill

[AS INTRODUCED]

A Bill of the National Assembly for Wales to make provision for the powers of county councils, county borough councils, community councils and other public bodies to make byelaws; the procedure for making byelaws; the enforcement of byelaws; and for connected purposes.

5 **Having been passed by the National Assembly for Wales and having received the assent of Her Majesty, it is enacted as follows:**

Introduction

1 Overview

This Act—

- 10
- (a) reforms procedures for making byelaws in Wales, including removing a requirement for confirmation of byelaws by the Welsh Ministers;
 - (b) enables certain byelaws to be enforced by fixed penalty notices;
 - (c) requires authorities that make byelaws to have regard to any guidance given by the Welsh Ministers on procedure;
 - (d) restates for Wales a general power to make byelaws.

15 *Power to make byelaws*

2 Byelaws for good rule and government and suppression of nuisances

(1) A council in Wales may make byelaws—

- (a) for the good rule and government of the whole or any part of its area;
- (b) for the prevention and suppression of nuisances in its area.

20 (2) But byelaws may not make provision which—

- (a) is made by an Act of Parliament, Assembly Measure or Act of the Assembly;
- (b) is made, or could be made, by subordinate legislation (which means legislation made by statutory instrument).

(3) This section applies to—

- 25
- (a) a county borough council;
 - (b) a county council.

*Interpretation***3 Meaning of “legislating authority”**

Each of the following is a legislating authority in Wales for the purposes of this Act—

- (a) a county borough council;
- (b) a county council;
- (c) a community council;
- (d) a National Park authority;
- (e) the Countryside Council for Wales.

*Revocation or amendment of byelaws***4 Revocation or amendment by a legislating authority**

- (1) A legislating authority may make a byelaw to revoke or amend a byelaw previously made by it.
- (2) But this power may be exercised only where the authority has no other power to revoke or amend the byelaw.
- (3) A power to revoke or amend a byelaw is exercisable in the same manner and subject to the same conditions or limitations as the power to make the byelaw.

5 Revocation by the Welsh Ministers

- (1) The Welsh Ministers may by order revoke any byelaw made by a legislating authority which they think is obsolete.
- (2) An order may make different provision for different areas, including different provision for different localities and for different authorities.

*Procedure for byelaws***6 Byelaws not requiring confirmation**

- (1) This section applies to byelaws made by a legislating authority under the enactments listed in Part 1 of Schedule 1.
- (2) Before it makes a byelaw, an authority must—
 - (a) publish on the authority's website an initial written statement which describes the issue which the authority thinks may be addressed by making a byelaw;
 - (b) consult persons who the authority thinks are likely to be interested in, or affected by, the issue.
- (3) Following the consultation, the authority must consider the responses and decide whether making a byelaw is the most appropriate way of addressing the issue.

- (4) The authority must then publish on its website a second written statement which contains—
- (a) the initial written statement;
 - (b) a summary of the consultation and the responses;
 - (c) its decision;
 - (d) the reasons for that decision.
- (5) At least one month before the byelaw is made, notice of the intention to make the byelaw must be published—
- (a) in one or more local newspapers circulating in the area to which the byelaw is to apply;
 - (b) on the authority's website.
- (6) For at least one month before making the byelaw, the authority must ensure that—
- (a) a draft of the byelaw is published on the authority's website;
 - (b) a copy of the draft is deposited at its principal office;
 - (c) a copy is open to public inspection at all reasonable hours without payment.
- (7) The authority must give a copy of the draft byelaw to any person who applies for it, subject to that person paying such reasonable fee charged by the authority (if any).
- (8) An authority may not make a byelaw later than six months after the date of the notice under subsection (5).

7 Byelaws requiring confirmation

- (1) This section applies to byelaws made by a legislating authority under any enactment other than those listed in Part 1 of Schedule 1.
- (2) But this section does not apply to the extent that the enactment conferring the power to make a byelaw makes different provision in relation to one or more of the following—
- (a) a requirement to submit byelaws for confirmation;
 - (b) publication of a notice of intent to make the byelaw;
 - (c) publication of the byelaw;
 - (d) making copies of the byelaw available.
- (3) Byelaws made by the legislating authority must be submitted to the confirming authority and do not have effect unless and until they are confirmed by the confirming authority.
- (4) At least one month before the byelaw is submitted for confirmation, notice of the legislating authority's intention to do so must be published—
- (a) in one or more local newspapers circulating in the area to which the byelaw is to apply;
 - (b) on the authority's website.

- (5) For at least one month before the byelaw is submitted for confirmation, the legislating authority must ensure that—
- (a) the byelaw is published on the authority's website;
 - (b) a copy of the byelaw is deposited at its principal office (and, in the case of a byelaw made by the Countryside Council for Wales under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, at the principal office of each council of a county or county borough to whose area the byelaw applies);
 - (c) a copy is open to public inspection at all reasonable hours without payment.
- (6) The legislating authority must give a copy of the byelaw to any person who applies for it, subject to that person paying such reasonable fee charged by the authority (if any).
- (7) The confirming authority may confirm, or refuse to confirm, any byelaw submitted to it under this section.
- (8) For the purposes of this Act, the confirming authority is—
- (a) the person specified in the enactment under which the byelaws are made as the person who is to confirm the byelaws, or
 - (b) if no person is specified, the Welsh Ministers.
- (9) The functions of the Welsh Ministers under subsection (8)(b) are exercisable concurrently with the Secretary of State.

8 Formalities, commencement and publication of byelaws

- (1) This section applies to byelaws made by a legislating authority under any enactment.
- (2) But this section does not apply to the extent that the enactment conferring the power to make the byelaw makes different provision in relation to one or more of the following—
- (a) signature or sealing of the byelaw;
 - (b) publication of the byelaw;
 - (c) making copies of the byelaw available.
- (3) Byelaws made by a legislating authority must be made under the common seal of the authority, or, in the case of byelaws made by a community council not having a seal, signed by two members of the council.
- (4) Byelaws come into effect on the date fixed by the legislating authority, or if they require confirmation, by the confirming authority. If no date is fixed, they come into effect at the end of one month from the date they are made (or confirmed, as applicable).
- (5) The legislating authority which makes the byelaw must—
- (a) publish the byelaw on the authority's website when made, or if it requires confirmation, when confirmed;
 - (b) deposit a copy of the byelaw at its principal office;

- (c) ensure that the copy is open to public inspection at all reasonable hours without payment;
- (d) give a copy of the byelaw to a person who requests it, subject to that person paying a such reasonable fee charged by the authority (if any).
- 5 (6) The proper officer of a county borough council or county council must send a copy of a byelaw once made, or where required once confirmed, to the proper officer of the council of every community to which the byelaw applies.
- (7) In the case of byelaws made by a National Park authority, the proper officer of the authority must send a copy of a byelaw once made, or where required once confirmed, to the proper officer of –
- 10 (a) the council for every county borough or county whose area includes the whole or part of the National Park;
- (b) the council of every community whose area includes the whole or part of the National Park.
- 15 (8) In the case of byelaws made by the Countryside Council for Wales under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, the Council must ensure that it sends a copy of a byelaw once made, or where required once confirmed, to the proper officer of –
- (a) the council of every county borough or county to whose area the byelaw applies;
- (b) the council of every community to whose area the byelaw applies.
- 20 (9) The proper officer of the community council must –
- (a) arrange for a copy of a byelaw sent to the officer to be deposited with the public documents of the community;
- (b) ensure that the copy is open to public inspection at all reasonable hours without payment.
- 25 (10) In subsections (6) to (9) the “proper officer” is the officer duly authorised for that purpose by that body.

9 Power to amend Part 1 of Schedule 1

The Welsh Ministers may by order amend Part 1 of Schedule 1 (Byelaws not requiring confirmation) by adding to or subtracting from the list of enactments, or by amending the type of authority that may make byelaws without confirmation.

30

Enforcement of byelaws

10 Offences against byelaws

- (1) Byelaws made by a legislating authority under any enactment may provide that persons contravening the byelaws are liable on summary conviction to a fine.
- 35 (2) The fine must not exceed either –
- (a) the sum fixed by the enactment which confers the power to make the byelaws; or
- (b) if no sum is so fixed, level 2 on the standard scale.

- (3) In the case of a continuing offence, the byelaws may provide that the offender is liable on summary conviction to a further fine.
- (4) The further fine must not exceed either –
- (a) the sum fixed by the enactment which confers the power to make the byelaws, or
 - (b) if no sum is so fixed, the sum of £5 for each day during which the offence continues after conviction for that offence.

11 Section 2 byelaws; powers of seizure etc

A byelaw made under section 2 may include provision for or in connection with –

- (a) the seizure and retention of any property in connection with any contravention of the byelaw, and
- (b) the forfeiture of any such property on a person's conviction of an offence of contravention of the byelaw.

Fixed penalty notices

12 Power to offer fixed penalties for offences against certain byelaws

- (1) This section applies to byelaws made by a legislating authority under the enactments listed in Part 2 of Schedule 1 (Byelaws in relation to which fixed penalties may be issued).
- (2) If an authorised officer of a legislating authority has reason to believe that a person has committed an offence against a byelaw made by that authority, the officer may give a notice to the person offering the opportunity of discharging any liability to conviction for the offence by payment of a fixed penalty.
- (3) If an authorised officer of a community council has reason to believe that a person has committed an offence in its area against a byelaw made by a legislating authority other than the community council, the officer may give that person a notice offering the person the opportunity of discharging any liability to conviction for the offence by payment of a fixed penalty.
- (4) A fixed penalty under this section is payable to the authority whose officer gave the notice.
- (5) Where a person is given a notice under this section in respect of an offence –
- (a) no proceedings may be instituted for the offence before the end of the period of 14 days following the date of the notice, and
 - (b) the person may not be convicted of the offence if the person pays the fixed penalty before the end of that period.
- (6) A notice under this section must give such particulars of the circumstances alleged to constitute the offence as are necessary to explain why an offence has occurred.
- (7) A notice under this section must also state –
- (a) the period under subsection (5) during which proceedings will not be taken for the offence;

(b) the amount of the fixed penalty;

(c) the person to whom and the address at which the fixed penalty may be paid.

(8) Without prejudice to payment by any other method, payment of the fixed penalty may be made by pre-paying and posting a letter containing the amount of the penalty (in cash or otherwise) to the person referred to, at the address provided, in the notice.

(9) If a letter is sent, payment is to be regarded as having been made at the time at which that letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

(10) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations specify the form of a notice under this section.

(11) In any proceedings a certificate which—

(a) purports to be signed on behalf of the chief finance officer of an authority, and

(b) states that payment of a fixed penalty was or was not received by a date specified in the certificate,

is evidence of the facts stated.

(12) In this section—

“authorised officer”, in relation to an authority, means—

(a) an employee of the authority who is authorised in writing by the authority for the purpose of giving notices under this section,

(b) any person who, in pursuance of arrangements made with the authority, has the function of giving such notices and is authorised in writing by the authority to perform the function, and

(c) any employee of such a person who is authorised in writing by the authority for the purpose of giving such notices;

“chief finance officer”, in relation to an authority, means the person having responsibility for the financial affairs of the authority.

(13) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations prescribe conditions to be satisfied by a person before a community council may authorise the person in writing for the purpose of giving notices under this section.

13 Amount of fixed penalty

(1) A legislating authority may—

(a) specify the amount of a fixed penalty payable in pursuance of a notice under section 12;

(b) specify different amounts in relation to different byelaws.

(2) If no amount is so specified, the amount of the fixed penalty is £75.

(3) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision in connection with the powers under subsection (1).

(4) Regulations under subsection (3) may, in particular—

(a) require an amount specified under subsection (1)(a) to fall within a range prescribed in the regulations,

(b) restrict the extent to which, and the circumstances in which, an authority can make provision under subsection (1)(b).

(5) The Welsh Ministers may by order substitute a different amount for the amount for the time being specified in subsection (2).

5 **14 Power to require name and address in connection with fixed penalty**

(1) If an authorised officer proposes to give a person a notice under section 12, the officer may require the person to give his or her name and address.

(2) A person commits an offence if that person—

10 (a) without reasonable excuse, fails to give his or her name and address when required to do so, or

(b) gives a false or inaccurate name or address in response to a requirement under that subsection.

(3) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (2) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

15 (4) In this section, “authorised officer” has the same meaning as in section 12.

15 Use of fixed penalty receipts

(1) The authority must have regard to the desirability of using its fixed penalty receipts for the purpose of combating a nuisance for the prevention of which a byelaw was made by the authority.

20 (2) “Fixed penalty receipts” means amounts paid to an authority in pursuance of notices under section 12.

16 Power to amend Part 2 of Schedule 1

25 The Welsh Ministers may by order amend Part 2 of Schedule 1 (Byelaws in relation to which fixed penalty notices may be issued) by adding to or subtracting from the list of enactments, or by amending the type of authority that may offer fixed penalty notices.

17 Community Support Officers etc

(1) The Police Reform Act 2002 is amended as follows.

(2) In Schedule 4 (powers exercised by police civilians)—

30 (a) in paragraph 1ZA(3) after “1972” insert “or under section 12 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012”;

(b) in paragraph 1ZA(5)(a) after “1972” insert “or to which section 12 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012 applies”.

(3) In Schedule 5 (powers exercised by accredited persons)—

35 (a) in paragraph 1A(3) after “1972” insert “or under section 12 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012”;

- (b) in paragraph 1A(5)(a) after “1972” insert “or to which section 12 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012 applies”.

Miscellaneous and general

18 Guidance

- 5 (1) The Welsh Ministers may give guidance to legislating authorities about—
- (a) the procedure for making the byelaws to which section 6 or 7 applies;
 - (b) the enforcement of byelaws;
 - (c) anything related to these matters including—
 - 10 (i) consultation and publication requirements;
 - (ii) the use of fixed penalties.
- (2) A legislating authority must have regard to the guidance when making or enforcing byelaws.

19 Evidence of byelaws

- 15 (1) The production of a certified copy of a byelaw purporting to be made by a legislating authority is, until the contrary is proved, sufficient evidence of the facts stated in the certificate.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a certified copy of a byelaw is a printed copy of the byelaw that is endorsed with a certificate purporting to be signed by the proper officer of a legislating authority stating—
- 20 (a) that the byelaw was made by the authority;
 - (b) that the copy is a true copy of the byelaw;
 - (c) that on a specified date the byelaw was confirmed by the authority named in the certificate or, as the case may be, was sent to the confirming authority and has not been disallowed;
 - 25 (d) the date, if any, fixed by the confirming authority for the coming into effect of the byelaw.
- (3) The requirements in paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) do not apply if the byelaw was not subject to confirmation after it was made.

20 Consequential amendments

- 30 Schedule 2 (minor and consequential amendments) has effect.

21 Orders and regulations

- (1) A power to make an order or regulations under this Act includes power to make such incidental, consequential, transitional or supplemental provision as the Welsh Ministers consider appropriate.
- 35 (2) In the case of the power under sections 9 and 16, this provision includes provision amending, repealing or revoking enactments.

- 5
- (3) Any power of the Welsh Ministers to make an order or regulations under this Act is exercisable by statutory instrument.
 - (4) A statutory instrument containing an order under section 9, 13(5) or 16 may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.
 - (5) Any other statutory instrument containing an order or regulations under this Act, apart from an instrument containing only an order under section 22 (commencement), is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.

10 **22 Commencement**

- (1) This Act comes into force in accordance with provision made by the Welsh Ministers by order.
- (2) An order under this section –
 - (a) may appoint different days for different purposes;
 - (b) may include transitional, saving or transitory provision.

15 **23 Short title**

The short title of this Act is the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012.

SCHEDULE 1
(Sections 6 and 12)

LISTS OF BYELAW MAKING POWERS

PART 1

BYELAWS NOT REQUIRING CONFIRMATION

- 1 Section 6 applies to byelaws made—
- (a) under the enactments listed in the first column of the table below,
 - (b) in relation to the subject matter listed in the second column of the table,
 - (c) by the type of authority listed in the third column of the table.

PART 1 TABLE

Enactment under which byelaws are made	Subject-matter of byelaws	Type of authority by whom the byelaws are made
Section 68 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847	Regulation of hackney carriages	County council and county borough council
Section 164 of the Public Health Act 1875	Public walks and pleasure grounds	County council, county borough council and community council
Section 6 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1889	Regulation of horse drawn omnibuses	County council and county borough council
Sections 12 and 15 of the Open Spaces Act 1906	Open spaces and burial grounds	County council, county borough council and community council
Section 82 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907	Sea-shore	County council and county borough council
Section 83 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907	Promenades	County council and county borough council
Section 81 of the Public Health Act 1936	Prevention of certain nuisances	County council and county borough council
Section 82 of the Public Health Act 1936	Removal through streets of offensive matter or liquid	County council and county borough council
Section 87 of the Public Health Act 1936	Provision of public conveniences	County council, county borough council and community council

	Section 198 of the Public Health Act 1936	Provision of mortuaries and post-mortem rooms	County council, county borough council and community council
5	Section 223 of the Public Health Act 1936	Regulation of baths, washhouses, swimming baths etc	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 231 of the Public Health Act 1936	Public bathing	County council, county borough council and community council
10	Section 233 of the Public Health Act 1936	With respect to swimming baths and bathing pools not under the management of a local authority	County council, county borough council and community council
15	Section 268 of the Public Health Act 1936	Prevention of nuisances in connection with the use of tents, vans etc	County council and county borough council
	Section 270 of the Public Health Act 1936	Accommodation of hop-pickers and persons engaged in similar work	County council and county borough council
20	Section 75 of the Public Health Act 1961	Pleasure fairs and roller skating rinks	County council and county borough council
	Section 76 of the Public Health Act 1961	Seaside pleasure boats	County council and county borough council
	Section 77 of the Public Health Act 1961	Hairdressers and barbers	County council and county borough council
25	Section 19 of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964	Regulating the conduct of persons in libraries and museums and the use of those facilities	County council and county borough council
	Section 35 of the Highways Act 1980	Regulation of walkways	County council and county borough council
30	Section 114 of the Highways Act 1980	Conduct of persons using or entering public conveniences provided by highway authorities	County council and county borough council
35	Section 14 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982	Acupuncture	County council and county borough council

	Section 15 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982	Tattooing, semi-permanent skin colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis	County council and county borough council
5	Section 60 of the Food Act 1984	Regulation and prevention of nuisances in market places	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 57(7) of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984	Use of parking places	Community council
10	Section 23 of the Housing Act 1985	Management, use and regulation of local authority houses, the use of land provided in connection with housing and as respects local authority lodging houses	County council and county borough council
15	Section 16 of the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993	Good rule and government of inland bay and harbour	County Council (Cardiff)
	Section 2 of this Act	Good rule and government	County council and county borough council
	Section 4(1) of this Act	Power to revoke byelaws	Legislating authority

PART 2

20 BYELAWS IN RELATION TO WHICH FIXED PENALTIES MAY BE ISSUED

2 Section 12 applies to byelaws made –

- (a) under the enactments listed in the first column of the table below,
- (b) in relation to the subject matter listed in the second column of the table,
- (c) by the type of authority listed in the third column of the table.

25 PART 2 TABLE

	Enactment under which byelaws are made	Subject- matter of byelaws	Type of authority by whom the byelaws are made
	Section 68 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847	Regulation of hackney carriages	County council and county borough council
30	Section 164 of the Public Health Act 1875	Public walks and pleasure grounds	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 6 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1889	Regulation of horse drawn omnibuses	County council and county borough council

	Sections 12 and 15 of the Open Spaces Act 1906	Open spaces and burial grounds	County council, county borough council and community council
5	Section 82 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907	Sea-shore	County council and county borough council
	Section 83 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907	Promenades	County council and county borough council
10	Section 18 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933	Restrictions on employment of children	County council and county borough council
	Section 20 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933	Restrictions on the engagement or employment of children in street trading	County council and county borough council
15	Section 81 of the Public Health Act 1936	Prevention of certain nuisances	County council and county borough council
	Section 82 of the Public Health Act 1936	Removal through streets of offensive matter or liquid	County council and county borough council
20	Section 87 of the Public Health Act 1936	Provision of public conveniences	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 198 of the Public Health Act 1936	Provision of mortuaries and post-mortem rooms	County council, county borough council and community council
25	Section 223 of the Public Health Act 1936	Regulation of baths, washhouses, swimming baths etc	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 231 of the Public Health Act 1936	Public bathing	County council, county borough council and community council
30	Section 233 of the Public Health Act 1936	With respect to swimming baths and bathing pools not under the management of a local authority	County council, county borough council and community council
35	Section 268 of the Public Health Act 1936	Prevention of nuisances in connection with the use of tents, vans etc	County council and county borough council
	Section 270 of the Public Health Act 1936	Accommodation of hop-pickers and persons engaged in similar work	County council and county borough council
40	Section 75 of the Public Health Act 1961	Pleasure fairs and roller skating rinks	County council and county borough council

	Section 76 of the Public Health Act 1961	Seaside pleasure boats	County council and county borough council
	Section 77 of the Public Health Act 1961	Hairdressers and barbers	County council and county borough council
5	Section 19 of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964	Regulating the conduct of persons in libraries and museums and the use of those facilities	County council and county borough council
	Section 35 of the Highways Act 1980	Regulation of walkways	County council and county borough council
10	Section 114 of the Highways Act 1980	Conduct of persons using or entering public conveniences provided by highway authorities	County council and county borough council
	Section 14 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982	Acupuncture	County council and county borough council
15	Section 15 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982	Tattooing, semi-permanent skin colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis	County council and county borough council
20	Section 60 of the Food Act 1984	Regulation and prevention of nuisances in market places	County council, county borough council and community council
	Section 57(7) of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984	Use of parking places	Community council
25	Section 23 of the Housing Act 1985	Management, use and regulation of local authority houses, the use of land provided in connection with housing and as respects local authority lodging houses	County council and county borough council
30	Section 16 of the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993	Good rule and government of inland bay and harbour	County Council (Cardiff)
	Section 2 of this Act	Good rule and government	County council and county borough council

SCHEDULE 2
(introduced by section 20)

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Public Health Act 1875

- 5 1 In section 184 of the Public Health Act 1875 (confirmation of byelaws) after “local authority” insert “in England”.

Open Spaces Act 1906

- 2 In section 15(2) of the Open Spaces Act 1906 (byelaws) after “any local authority” insert “in England”.

10 *Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907*

- 3 (1) The Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907 is amended as follows.
(2) In section 9 (byelaws) after “byelaws made” insert “by a local authority in England”.
(3) In section 82 (byelaws as to sea-shore), after the words “Provided that” insert “, in the case of byelaws made by a local authority in England,”.

15 *National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949*

- 4 (1) The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 is amended as follows.
(2) In section 106 (supplementary provisions as to byelaws) after subsection (4) insert—
“ (5) This section does not apply to byelaws made under this Act by the Countryside Council for Wales.”
20 (3) After section 106 insert—

“106A Supplementary provisions as to byelaws made by the Countryside Council for Wales

- 25 (1) Sections 3 to 19 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012 shall apply to all byelaws made the Countryside Council for Wales under this Act.
(2) The confirming authority for the purposes of section 7 of the 2012 Act is the Welsh Ministers.”.

Public Health Act 1961

- 5 (1) The Public Health Act 1961 is amended as follows.

(2) In section 75 (byelaws as to pleasure fairs and roller skating rinks) –

(a) in subsection (8) after the words “as respects byelaws” insert “made by a local authority in England”.

(b) after subsection (8) insert –

5 “(9) A local authority in Wales which proposes to make a byelaw under this section must consult the appropriate representative bodies on the matters dealt with by the proposed byelaw.

10 (10) For the purposes of subsection (9), “the appropriate representative bodies” are those bodies which appear to the authority to be representative of the interests of those who carry on pleasure fairs and entertainments to which this section applies.

 (11) A local authority in Wales making a byelaw in pursuance of subsection (1)(d) of this section must consult the relevant fire and rescue authority on the matters dealt with by the proposed byelaw.

15 (12) For the purposes of subsection (11) “relevant fire and rescue authority” is the fire and rescue authority under the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 for the area to which the byelaw applies.”.

(3) In section 76(2) (byelaws as to seaside pleasure boats) after the words “byelaws made” insert “by a local authority in England”.

20 (4) In section 77(3) (byelaws as to hairdressers and barbers) after “byelaws” insert “made by a local authority in England”.

Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964

6 In section 19(1) of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964 (byelaws in relation to libraries and museums) after the words “so made” insert “by a local authority in
25 England”.

Local Government Act 1972

7 (1) The Local Government Act 1972 is amended as follows.

(2) In section 235(1) (powers of councils to make byelaws for good rule and government etc) –

30 (a) omit “the council of a principal area in Wales”;

 (b) after the second “district” omit “principal area”.

(3) In section 236 (procedure etc for byelaws) –

(a) in subsection (1) after “local authority” in each case insert “in England”;

(b) in subsection (3), omit “or community”;

35 (c) in subsection (9) –

 (i) omit “or in Wales of a principal council”;

 (ii) omit the words “or community” in each case where they appear;

(d) omit subsection (10A).

- (4) In section 236B (alternative procedure for certain byelaws) –
- (a) in subsection (1)(a) after “local authority” insert “in England”;
 - (b) in subsection (4) –
 - (i) omit paragraph (a);
 - (ii) in paragraph (b), omit “in relation to any other byelaw,”;
 - (c) omit subsections (6), (10) and (11).
- (5) In section 238 (evidence of byelaws) after “local authority” insert “in England”.

Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981

- 8 (1) Section 37 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (byelaws for protection of marine
10 nature reserves) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (5) after “byelaws under this section” insert “, other than byelaws made by
the Countryside Council for Wales”.
- (3) After subsection (5) insert –
- 15 “(5A) Sections 3 to 19 of the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012
apply to byelaws made by the Countryside Council for Wales under
this section, subject to such modifications (including modifications
increasing the maximum fines which the byelaws may impose) as
may be prescribed by regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.
- 20 (5B) Regulations under subsection (5A) shall be made by statutory
instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a
resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.”

Food Act 1984

- 9 In section 121(1) of the Food Act 1984 (byelaws) after “Act” insert by a local authority in
England”.

25 *Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984*

- 10 In section 57(7) of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (byelaws as to the use of parking
places) after the words “Secretary of State” insert “, in the case of byelaws made by a
parish council”.

Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993

- 30 11 In section 16 of the Cardiff Barrage Act 1993 (byelaws) omit subsections (8), (9) and (10).

Environment Act 1995

- 12 (1) Paragraph 17 of Schedule 17 to the Environment Act 1995 (documents, notices, records,
byelaws etc) is amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-sub-paragraph (e) after “Act,” insert “in the case of National Park authorities in
35 England,”

- (3) In sub-paragraph (5) after “National Park authority” insert “in England”.

National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (SI 1999/672)

- 13 (1) Schedule 1 to the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (SI
5 1999/672) (enactments conferring functions transferred by article 2) is amended as follows.
- (2) Under the heading “Local Government Act 1972” –
- (a) omit the words “It is directed that the functions of the Secretary of State under section 236(11) and paragraph 25 of Schedule 14 shall be exercisable by the Assembly concurrently with the Secretary of State”;
- 10 (b) omit the words “Section 238 shall have effect as if after “the Secretary of State” there were inserted “or, as the case may be, the National Assembly for Wales””.